

# Critical Source Areas of Phosphorus Loss in an Extensively Farmed Grassland Catchment

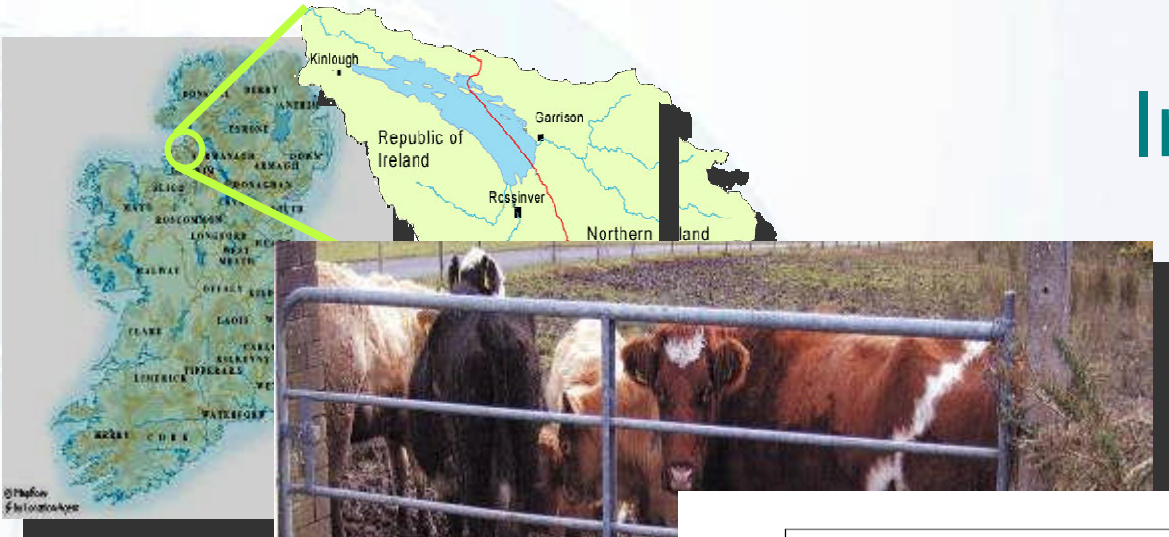


# Presentation Overview

- Uncertainty in science and policy
- Appreciative systems
- Case study – Lough Melvin catchment
- Water Framework Directive



# Introduction



## Lough Melville

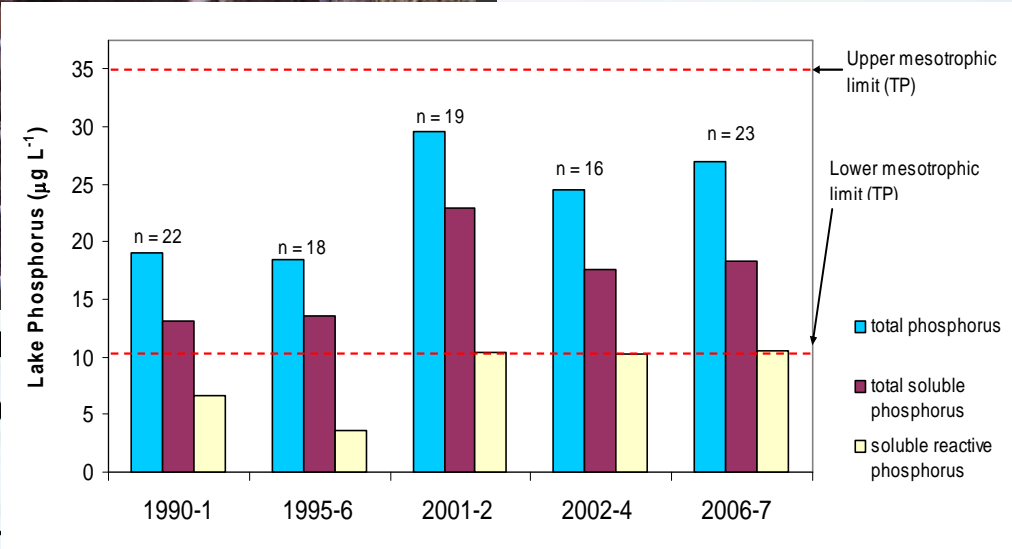
- Western Uplands
- Poorly drained
- High rainfall

## Extensive Agriculture

- Suckler cows, and
- Average stocking

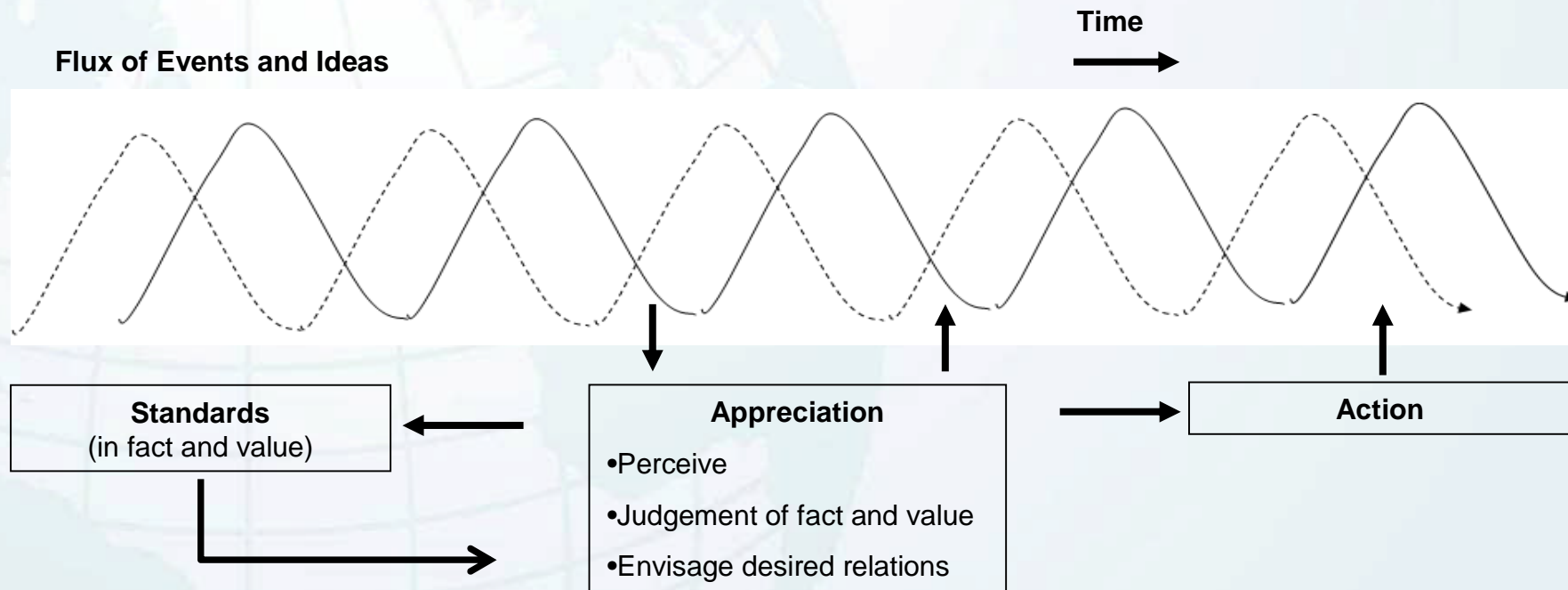
## Data Sources

- Survey of 50 Farms
- Phosphorus Risk Index
- Interviews with Farmers
- Review of REPS Plans



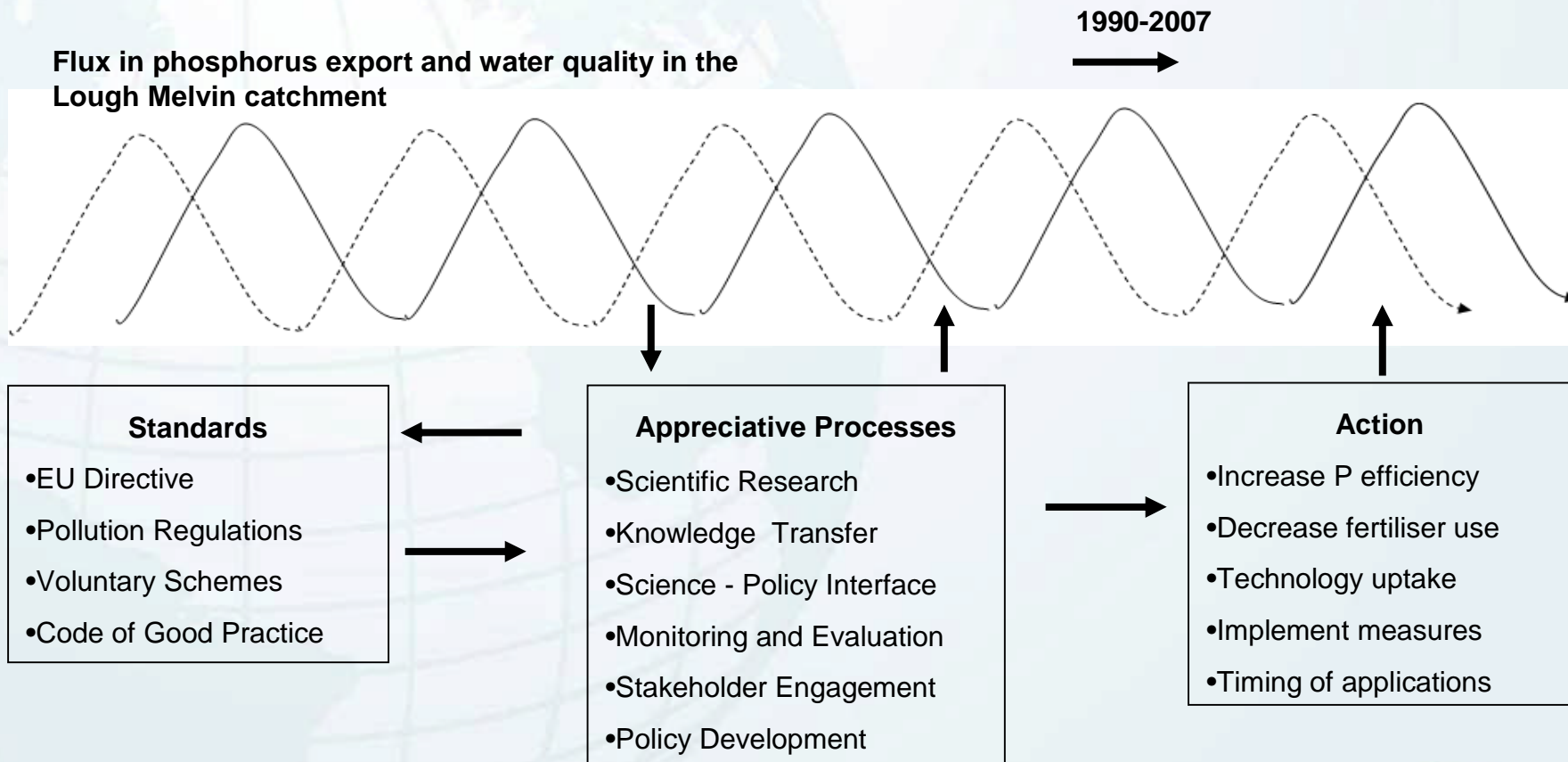
• Agriculture contributing 62% of P load to the lake

# Appreciative Systems



(Blackmore 2005. *Sys.Res & Behav Sci.* 22:4 , 329-341)

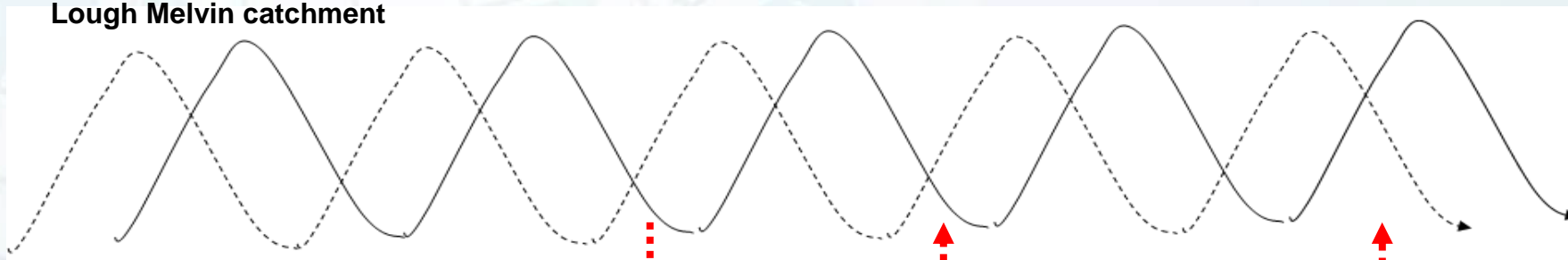
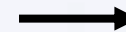
# Lough Melvin: Case Study of Uncertainty



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Flux in phosphorus export and water quality in the Lough Melvin catchment

1990-2007

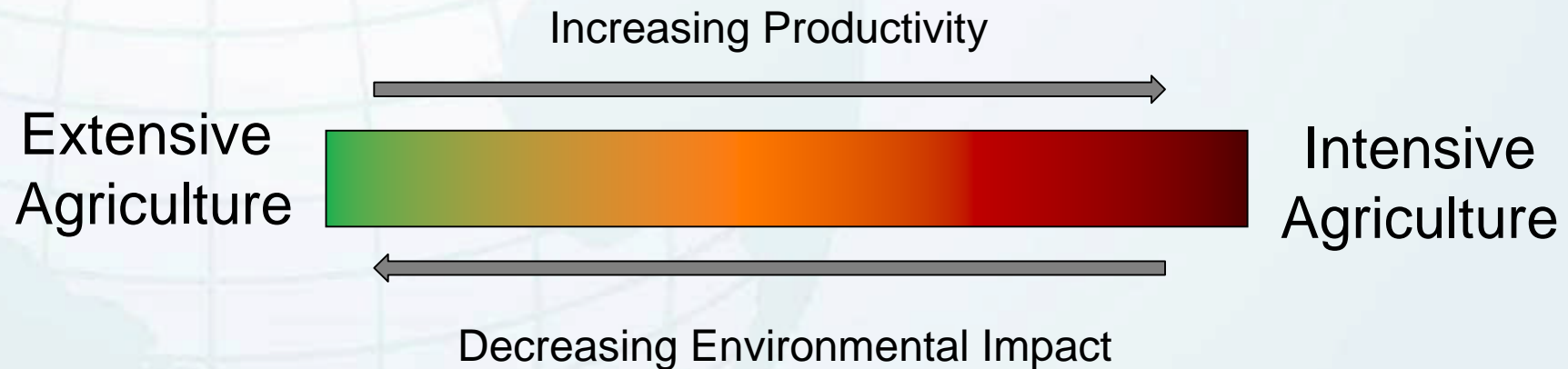


# Causes of Uncertainty

- Uncertainty in Implementation (Actions)
  1. Interaction between farming systems and prevailing natural conditions
- Uncertainty in Understanding (Appreciation)
  2. Understanding of catchment hydrology
  3. Monitoring and evaluation
- Uncertainty in Policy (Standards)
  4. Converting policy into action

# Role of Duality in Uncertainty

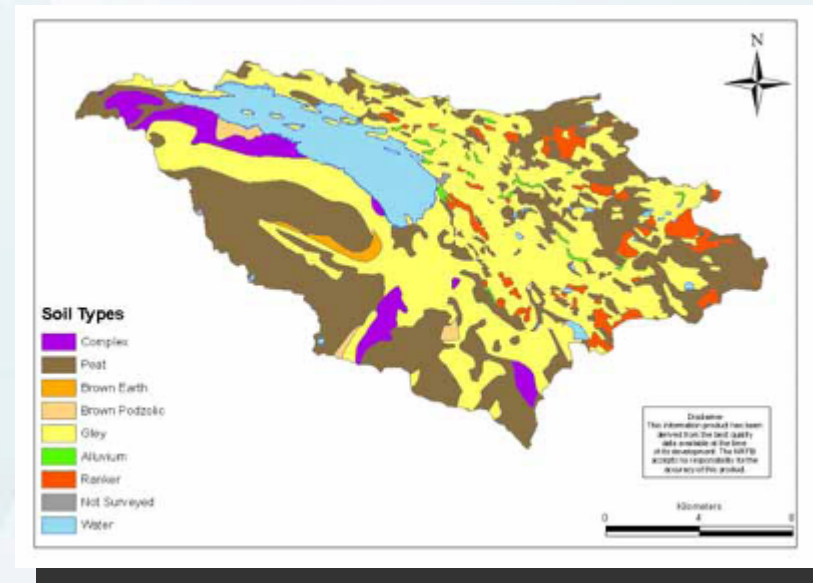
- Duality: extensive vs. intensive agriculture





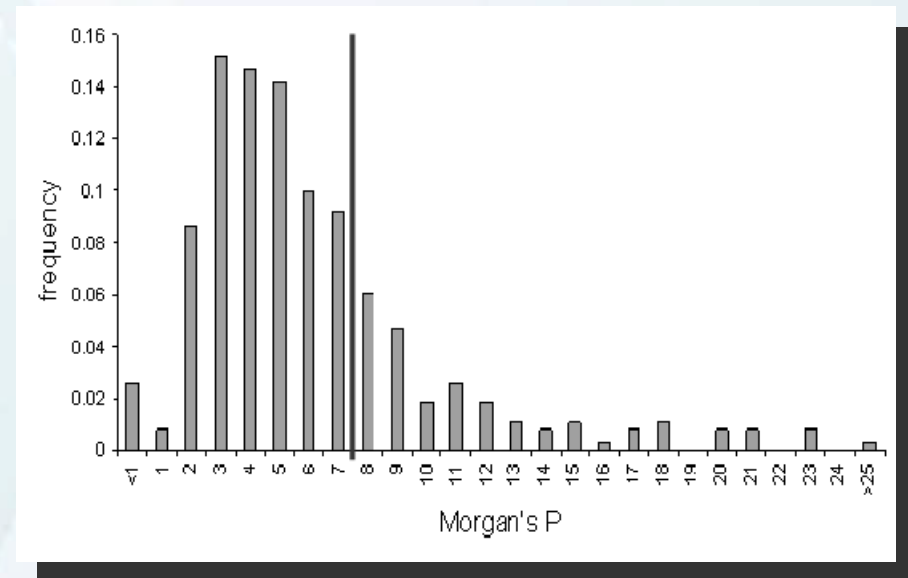
# 1. Farming System and Prevailing Conditions

- Slurry - 37% of farms
- Spatial limitations on slurry application
- Reliance on contractors – 73%
- Poor silage quality



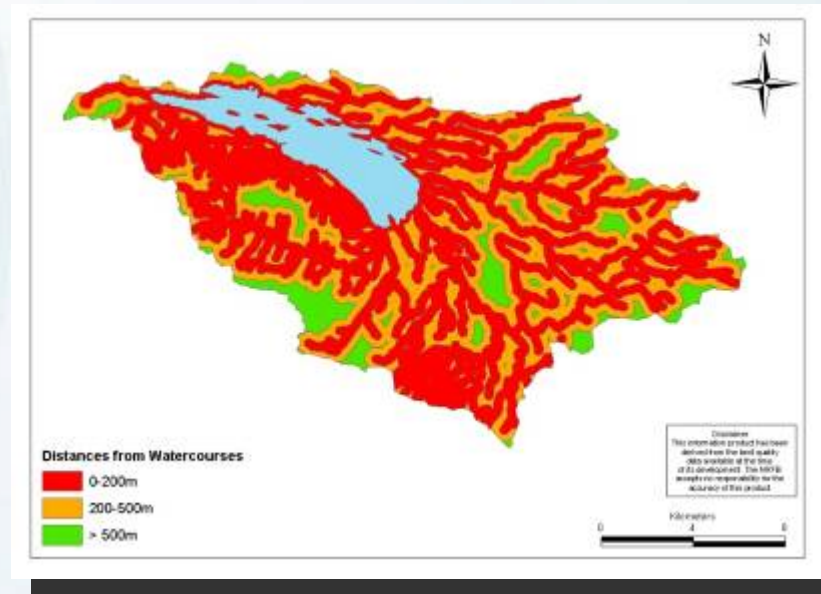
# 1. Farming System and Prevailing Conditions

- 22% of fields surveyed  $> 8$  mg l<sup>-1</sup> Morgan's P
- 37% of Index 4 soils received  $> 10$  kg P ha<sup>-1</sup>
- 42% of all fields received  $> 10$  kg P ha<sup>-1</sup>



## 2. Catchment Hydrology

- High connectivity
- 60% of fields are within 200 m of a watercourse
- 57% of surveyed fields had surface field drains
- Extensive subsurface drainage



# Impact of Uncertainty

- 1
- 2

31% of fields high risk for phosphorus loss

- 3
- 4

Limited response to decreasing water quality

# Impact of Uncertainty

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- 2

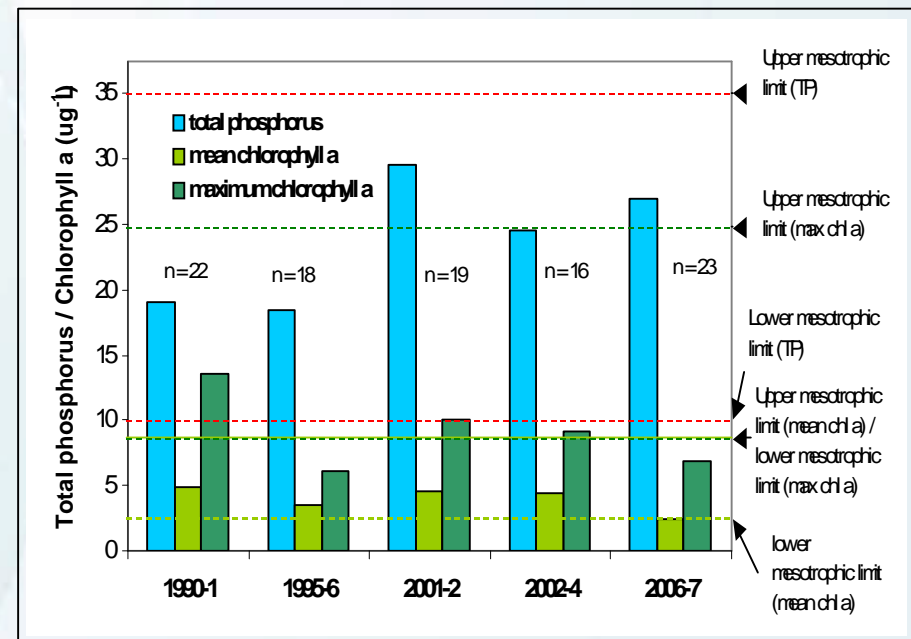
31% of fields high risk for phosphorus loss

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Limited response to decreasing water quality

# 3. Monitoring & Evaluation

- Monitoring based on Chlorophyll a
  - No increase from 1990 – 2007
- Increasing DOC & peat stain
- Limiting photosynthesis
- DOC altering internal balance
- Littoral ↓ vs pelagic ↑
- Autotrophy ↓ vs heterotrophy ↑



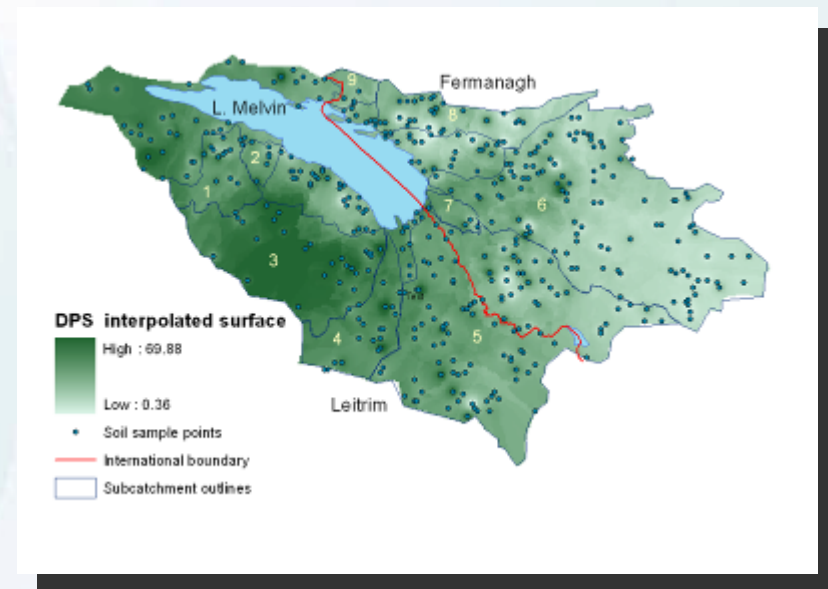
### 3. Monitoring & Evaluation

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### 3. Monitoring & Evaluation

- 400 soils stratified by Corine land cover types
- Degree of P Saturation (DPS) using oxalate Al, Fe and P.
- Concluded - No clear correlation between Soil P and P loss.
- Uncertainty in results






## 4. Converting Policy into Action

### **EU FW Fisheries Directive (1978)**


- Salmon, 3 distinct subspecies of brown trout + Arctic char
- Not designated as salmonid waters in ROI

### **EU Habitats Directive (1992)**

- Candidate SAC
- No conservation plan yet developed.



*... "one of the few remaining examples... in the whole of North-West Europe of a natural post-glacial salmonid lake".*  
(Ferguson, 1986)



## 4. Converting Policy into Action

### **Water Pollution Act 1977**

- No bye-laws restricting slurry application were introduced

### **REPS – Participation**

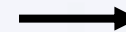
- 37% Lough Melvin
- 60% Leitrim
- Decreases kg organic P ha<sup>-1</sup> by up to 20%



# Converting Policy into Action

Flux in phosphorus export and water quality in the Lough Melvin catchment

1990-2007



- Standards**
- EU Directive
  - Pollution Regulations
  - Voluntary Schemes
  - Code of Good Practice

- Appreciative Processes**
- Scientific Research
  - Knowledge Transfer
  - Science -Policy Interface
  - Monitoring and Evaluation
  - Stakeholder Engagement
  - Policy Development

- Action**
- Increase P efficiency
  - Decrease fertiliser use
  - Technology uptake
  - Implement measures
  - Timing of applications

# Water Framework Directive

- Catchment specific approach
  - Not realistic in all catchments
  - High status water bodies
- Evaluation of appreciative processes
  - Not just flux in water quality & actions of stakeholders
- Engaging with stakeholder
  - Advisory services
  - Participatory research
- Systems approach



Thank You  
donnacha.doody@afbini.gov.uk