# Effects of energy supplementation to lowbirth weight neonatal piglets on their survival, growth and blood glucose level.

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### The context

- Large litters increased
  - Litter weight variability
  - Prevalence of low birth weight piglets
- Neonatal mortality
  - Low body energy reserves



# Energy reserves of the newborn piglet

Source	Type	Available energy
Liver	Glycogen	43 kJ/kg BW
Muscle	Glycogen	209 kJ/kg BW
Body (non-structural body fat)	Lipids	175 kJ/kg BW

**Total** 

427 kJ/kg BW

(Mellor and Cockburn, 1986)



### The context

- Large litters increased
  - Litter weight variability
  - Prevalence of low birth weight piglets
- Neonatal mortality
  - Low body energy reserves
  - Failure to acquire energy (Thorup et al., 2015)
  - Low birth weight piglets = rapid depletion



# Energy needs of the newborn piglet

Ambient Energy		Sustained heat production autonomy		
temperature range	re range required	Normal birth weight piglet	IUGR piglet	
32-38°C	9.5 kJ/h/kg BW	31 h	5 h	
18-26°C	27 kJ/h/kg BW	15 h	3 h	
0-10°C	43 kJ/h/kg BW	58 h	7 h	

(Mellor and Cockburn, 1986)



# **Energy supplementation at birth**

- Increases survival and growth (Decleck et al., 2016)
- Medium-chain fatty acids (Herpin et al., 2002; Lepine et al., 1989)
- Commercially available products

Assess the effects of energy supplementation Compare an elaborated product to a raw source of energy

#### **PILOT STUDY**



## **Methods**

27 sows – 3 weeks batch farrow



Birth-Weight < 1.10 kg (30% total born)







0 KJ/2ml



74 KJ/2ml



71 KJ/2ml



## **Methods**

- Piglets left on their dam
  - Random assignment within sow
  - Litter size = 13 piglets
- Targeted for birth weight < 1.10 kg</li>
- Recruitment
  - Live birth
  - <3h post-partum (video camera)</li>

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Coconut = 35 piglets (M:F=0.84)
Water = 35 piglets (M:F=0.94)
Energyn = 34 piglets (M:F=1.13)
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# Data collection and analysis

#### Data collection:

- Weights: D0 (birth), D1, D7, D14, D21, Weaning
- Glucose: 24 h after supplementation (D1)
- Mortality: as occurred

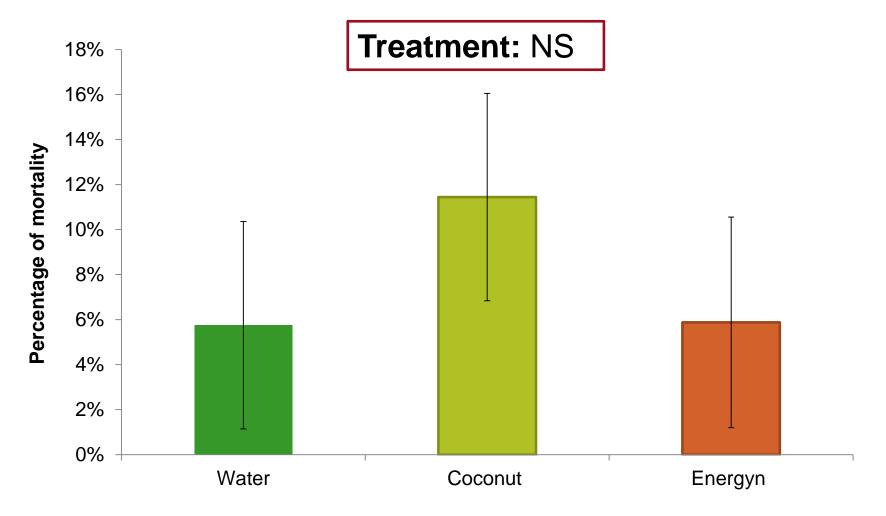
- Statistics: General Linear Model
  - random effect of sow
  - repeated effect of day





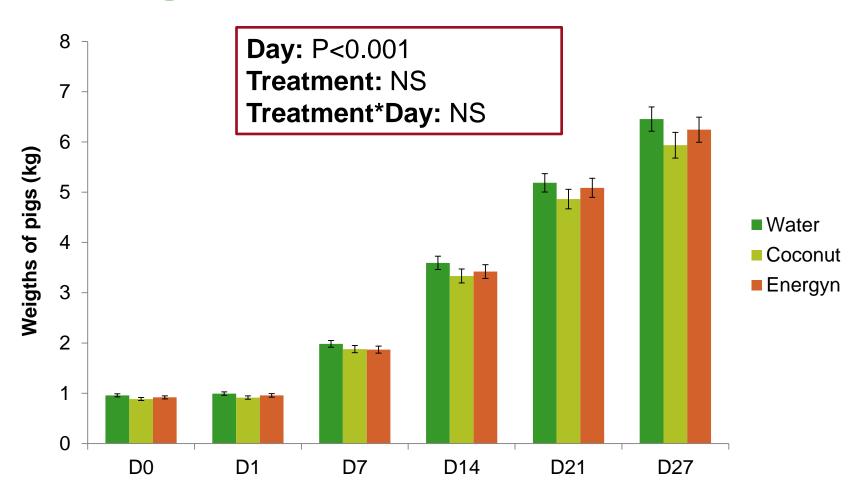


# **Survival**



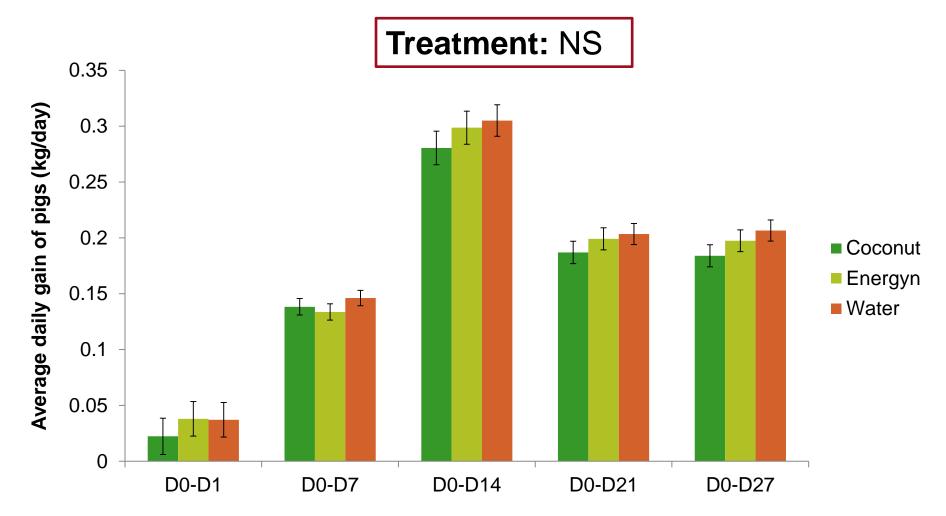


# Weights



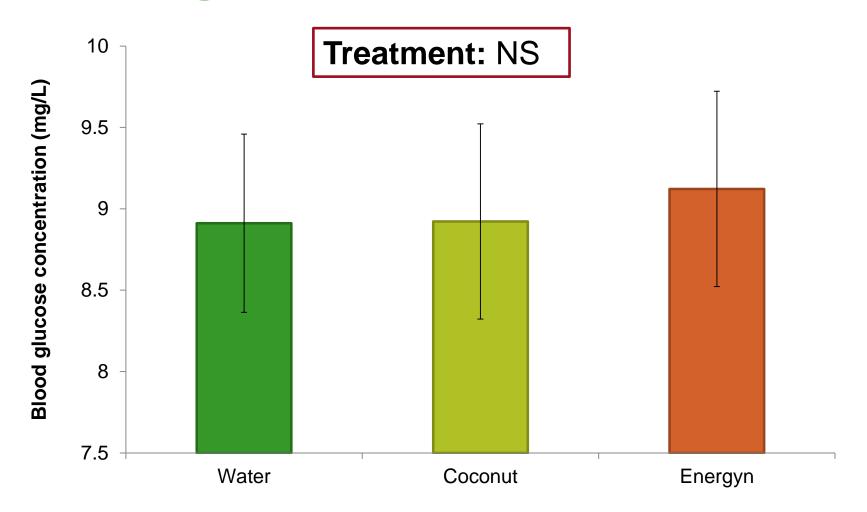


# Growth





# **Blood glucose**





## **Discussion**

- No effect of supplementation on survival, growth, or blood glucose content
  - Pilot study
  - High health standards piggery
  - 2 ml enough ? 71 74 KJ = 15h heat production



### To be continued...

- Large scale study:
  - Extra treatment: no supplementation
  - Further measures:
    - » Baseline blood glucose content at birth
    - » Colostrum quality of sows
    - » Vitality of piglets
    - » Body temperature
    - » Cognitive abilities after weaning











# THANK YOU

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